INVENTOR SEARCH

=> d his 150

(FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:33:40 ON 04 JAN 2008) 5 S L48-L49

L50

=> d que 150 T.R

STR

VAR G1=AK/N VAR G2=OH/15/17 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 8 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 17

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L14 275 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L8

4 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 AND 1/M L15 L16

G1 1

VAR G1=3/M VAR G2=H/AK NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 6

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L18 25 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L14 SSS FUL L16

L19 5 SEA FILE-REGISTRY ABB-ON PLU-ON L18 AND 2/NC

L20 6 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L19 4 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L15 L21

L22 6 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L20 OR L21

L23 1 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON (OUATENARY+PFT, OLD, NT/ CT OR "QUATENARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS"+PFT, OLD, NT/CT OR "QUATENARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, USES AND MISCELLANEOUS"+

PFT, OLD, NT/CT) 41057 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON "OUATERNARY AMINES"+PF L24 T.OLD.NT/CT

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L25
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L26
        199071 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "OUATERNARY AMMONIUM
                COMPOUNDS"+PFT, OLD, NT/CT
L27
        199071 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 OR L26
           232 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L14
L28
1.29
             2 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L28 AND (L23 OR L27)
1.30
             1 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L28 AND L25
             8 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L22 OR L29 OR L30
1.31
L32
            37 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON ("BABTSOV, VLADIMIR"/A
               U OR "BELAKHOV, VALERY"/AU OR "KVITNITSKY, EMMA"/AU OR
               "SHAPIRO, YURY"/AU)
L33
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON BABTSOV V?/AU
L34
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON BELAKHOV V?/AU
L35
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON KVITNITSKY E?/AU
L40
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON SHAPIRO Y?/AU
L41
           466 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON (L33 OR L34 OR L35)
               OR L40
L42
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               AND L40
             4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "TAGRA BIOTECHNOLOGIES
L43
                LTD ISRAEL PA.CS.SO.CO
1.44
            4 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON (L32 OR L41) AND L43
             5 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L42 OR L44
L45
L46
           37 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L45 OR L32
L47
              QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON ASCORB? OR VIT OR VITAM?
T.48
            5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L46 AND L47
T.49
            1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L46 AND L31
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            5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L48 OR L49)
=> d his 160
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     JAN 2008)
1.60
             1 S (L33-L35) AND (L40 OR L36)
=> d que 160
L33
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L34
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L35
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L36
              QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON SHAPIRO V?/AU
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              OUE ABB=ON PLU=ON SHAPIRO Y?/AU
1.60
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=> dup rem 150 160
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:59:05 ON 04 JAN 2008
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)
FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 09:59:05 ON 04 JAN 2008
Copyright (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L50
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L60
1.63
             6 DUP REM L50 L60 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
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ANSWERS '1-5' FROM FILE HCAPLUS ANSWER '6' FROM FILE BIOSIS

INVENTOR SEARCH RESULTS

=> d 163 1-6 ibib ed ab

L63 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:213061 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:280610

TITLE: Microencapsulation with wall-forming polymer for controlled release of active ingredient

INVENTOR(S): Kvitnitsky, Emma; Shapiro,
Yury; Privalov, Olga; Oleinik, Irena;

Polisher, Igor

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tagra Biotechnologies Ltd., Israel

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part

of U.S. Ser. No. 130,529.

CODEN: USXXCO DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

				KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.					DATE			
US	2006	- 0514	25		A1		2006	0309		US 2	005-	2080	07		2005	
GB	2356	386			A		2001	0523		GB 1	999-	2720	2		0822 1999	
WO	2001	0359	33		A2		2001	0525		WO 2	000-	IL75	9		2000	
WO	2001 W: RW:	AE, CH, GE, KZ, MX, TJ, GH, CH,	AG, CN, GH, LC, MZ, TM, GM, CY,	CR, GM, LK, NO, TR, KE, DE, TR,	CU, HR, LR, NZ, TT, LS, DK, BF,	AT, CZ, HU, LS, PL, TZ, MW, ES,	2001 AU, DE, ID, LT, PT, UA, MZ, FI, CF,	AZ, DK, IL, LU, RO, UG, SD, FR,	DM, IN, LV, RU, US, SL, GB,	DZ, IS, MA, SD, UZ, SZ, GR,	EE, JP, MD, SE, VN, TZ, IE,	ES, KE, MG, SG, YU, UG, IT,	FI, KG, MK, SI, ZA, ZW, LU,	GB, KP, MN, SK, ZW AT, MC,	GD, KR, MW, SL, BE, NL,	
US	6932		SN,		B1		2005	0823		US 2	002-	1305	29		2000 1116	
WO	2007	0234	95		A2		2007	0301		wo 2	006-	IL97	7		2006	
WO	2007 W: RW:	AE, CA, ES, JP, LU, NI, SG, US, AT, HU, SK, NE, SZ,	AG, CH, FI, KE, LV, NO, SK, UZ, BE, TR, SN, TZ,	CN, GB, KG, LY, NZ, SL, VC, BG, IS, BF, TD, UG,	CO, GD, KM, MA, OM, SM, VN, CH, IT, BJ, TG, ZM,	AT, CR, GE, KN, MD, PG, SV, ZA, CY, LT, CF,	2007 AU, CU, GH, KP, MG, PH, SY, ZM, CZ, LU, CG, GH, AM,	AZ, CZ, GM, KR, MK, PL, TJ, ZW DE, LV, CI, GM,	DE, HN, KZ, MN, PT, TM, DK, MC, CM, KE,	DK, HR, LA, MW, RO, TN, EE, NL, GA, LS,	DM, HU, LC, MX, RS, TR, ES, PL, GN, MW,	DZ, ID, LK, MY, RU, TT, FI, PT, GQ, MZ,	EC, IL, LR, MZ, SC, TZ, FR, RO, GW, NA,	EE, IN, LS, NA, SD, UA, GB, SE, ML, SD,	EG, IS, LT, NG, SE, UG, GR, SI, MR, SL,	
RITY	SZ, TZ, UG, AP, EA, EP, RITY APPLN. INFO.:			OA					GB 1	999-	2720	2		A		

			1999 1117
US	2002-130529	A2	
			2000
			1116
WO	2000-IL759	W	
			2000
			1116
US	2005-208007	Α	
			2005
			0822

Entered STN: 09 Mar 2006

The present invention provides methods for microencapsulation of active ingredients for ΔR topical application, whereby single-layer and multi-layer, preferably double-layer, microcapsules are obtained. The microcapsules protect the active ingredients, maintain their original activity through processing, formulation and storage, and enable controlled release of the active ingredient only upon application onto the skin. For example, encapsulation of antibiotic clarithromycin into single-layered microcapsules with an outer polymer-plasticizer shell was carried out. At the first stage, the microcapsules containing clarithromycin were prepared by adding 4 g clarithromycin to 12 g Et cellulose and 4 g Eudragit E 100 solution in 92 g Et acetate. The solution was poured, while stirring, into aqueous solution prepared by saturation of 300 mL water containing 1.5 g PVA with 35 mL Et acetate. The obtained emulsion was poured into 3.2 L water containing 1.5 g PVA, while stirring, and incubated for a period of 10 to 15 min at 20° for extraction of Et acetate and microcapsules formation. The formed microcapsules were separated by sedimentation, washed with 10% aqueous solution of ethanol and dried at a temperature not higher than 20° to get a free flowing powder. The outer diameter of the microcapsules was in the range of 30 to 60 um.

L63 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:402917 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:78915

TITLE: Tagravit microcapsules as controlled drug delivery devices and their formulations

AUTHOR(S): Kvitnitsky, Emma; Lerner, Natalia;

Shapiro, Yury E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Tagra Biotechnologies, Ltd., Netanya, Israel

Delivery System Handbook for Personal Care and SOURCE: Cosmetic Products (2005), 215-258. Editor(s):

Rosen, Meyer R. William Andrew, Inc.: Norwich, N. Y.

CODEN: 69JCU6; ISBN: 0-8155-1504-9

Conference; General Review

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

Entered STN: 12 Apr 2007

AB A review on the use of Tagravit microcapsules as controlled drug delivery devices and their formulations. An overview of microencapsulation as a delivery method for unstable actives is presented, and contemporary microencapsulation techniques are discussed, along with preparation of microcapsules for skin applications, microencapsulation of unstable lipophilic actives, stability determination of microencapsulated vitaming in various formulations, model formulations developed for stability testing of Tagravit microencapsulated products, effect of formulation on stability of microencapsulated vitamins, effect of loaded amount of encapsulated retinol, and incorporation of Tagravit/Tagrol microcapsules into cosmetic formulations.

Model and recommended formulations are given. REFERENCE COUNT: 60 THERE ARE 60 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD, ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L63 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:927163 HCAPLUS Full-text

141:395760 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Preparation of stabilized derivatives of

> ascorbic acid as a source of vitamin C in pharmaceutical,

nutrition, and cosmetic compns. INVENTOR(S): Kvitnitsky, Emma; Belakhov, Valery; Babtsov, Vladimir; Shapiro, Yury

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tagra Biotechnologies Ltd., Israel

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	INFOR	MATI	ON:													
PA	TENT	NO.			KIN	D -	DATE		APPLICATIO				NO.		D	ATE
	2004		69		A2		2004	1104		WO 2	004-	IL34	3			004
WO	2004	0943	69		A3		2005	0203							0	421
	W:	AE, CA, ES, KE, MG, PT,	AG, CH, FI, KG, MK, RO,	CN, GB, KP, MN, RU,	AM, CO, GD, KR, MW, SC,	AT, CR, GE, KZ, MX, SD,	AU, CU, GH, LC, MZ, SE, UZ,	AZ, CZ, GM, LK, NA, SG,	DE, HR, LR, NI, SK,	DK, HU, LS, NO, SL,	DM, ID, LT, NZ, SY,	DZ, IL, LU, OM, TJ,	EC, IN, LV, PG, TM,	EE, IS, MA, PH,	EG, JP, MD, PL,	
		BW, AM, CZ, NL, GA,	GH, AZ, DE, PL, GN,	GM, BY, DK, PT, GQ,	KE, KG, EE, RO, GW,	LS, KZ, ES, SE, ML,	MW, MD, FI, SI, MR,	MZ, RU, FR, SK, NE,	SD, TJ, GB, TR, SN,	SL, TM, GR, BF, TD,	SZ, AT, HU, BJ, TG	TZ, BE, IE, CF,	UG, BG, IT, CG,	CH, LU,	CY, MC,	
AU	2004	2325	56		A1		2004	1104		AU 2	004-	2325	56			004
CA	2523	042			A1		2004	1104		CA 2	004-	2523	042			421
																004
EP	1620	419			A2		2006	0201		EP 2	004-	7286	25			004
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	0	421
BR	2004						RO, 2006							PL,		
CN	1805	0.40			,		2006	0710		an a	004	0001	6500			004 421
CN	1003	940			A		2006	0/19		CN Z	004-	8001	0502			004
JP	2006	5242	34		T		2006	1026		JP 2	006-	5076	14			421
MX	2005	PA11	269		7		2006	0124		MY 2	005-	PA11	269			004 421
	2005		200		••		2000	0121		2	005					005
IN	2005	DNO4	807		A		2007	0817		IN 2	005-	DN48	07			005
IIe	2007	1675	1.7		2.1		2007	0719		ne 2	007-	5537	5.7			020
0.5	2001	20,5	- '		14.1		2001					,	- '			007
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :						US 2	003-	4640	97P		P	103
																003 421

Page 5

WO 2004-IL343

2004 0421

DATE

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:395760

ED Entered STN: 04 Nov 2004

ABCorbic acid derivs. I, wherein R1 is a C2-C22 acyl group, an amino acid group, or a C1-C17 alkyl group; R2 is ammonium or a metal cation; and each of R3 or R4, independently, is hydrogen, a C2-C22 acyl group, an amino acid residue, or a C1-C17 alkyl group, are more stable than ascorbic acid and can be used as a source of vitamin C in pharmaceutical, nutrition, and comment compns. Thus, sodium salt of 2-maintoyl-ascorbic acid was prepared Stimulation of collagen synthesis in primary human foreskin fibroblasts by ascorbic acid derivs. L-Racorbic acid stimulates collagen synthesis in cultured human skin fibroblasts. Ascorbate contributes to several metabolic processes including efficient hydroxylation of hydroxyproline in collagen synthesis. The ascorbic acid derivs. are expected to show an effectiveness comparable to that of L-ascorbic acid or better, on collagen synthesis. The cosmetic composition of title compds. for use as moisturizing cream, antiaging cream, anti-wrinkle cream, sunscreen cream, skin whitening and for stimulating collagen synthesis.

APPLICATION NO.

L63 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:97424 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:158807

TITLE: Preparation of stabilized derivatives of

ascorbic acid-3-phosphate
INVENTOR(S): Babtsov, Vladimir; Shapiro,

Yury; Rvitnitsky, Emma;

Belskhov, Valery
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tegra Biotechnologies Ltd., Israel

KIND DATE

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

AT 322498

WO 2003010173 2.1 20030206 WO 2001-IL690 2001 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CI, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 2001282428 A1 20030217 AU 2001-282428 2001 0726 EP 1409494 A1 20040421 EP 2001-961047 2001 0726 EP 1409494 B1 20060405 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR 20041209 JP 2003-515532 JP 2004536872 T 2001 0726

T

20060415 AT 2001-961047

						2001
						0726
2261458	T3	20061116	ES	2001-1961047		
						2001
						0726
2004242544	A1	20041202	US	2004-484689		
						2004
						0715
7045546	B2	20060516				
1063473	A1	20061013	HK	2004-106221		
						2004
						0819
V ADDIM INFO .			FD	2001-961047	n	0023
ALLEN. INIO			ш	2001-301041	-	2001
						0726
						0720
			WO	2001=TL690	W	
				2002 22030		2001
						0726
						0 /20
	2261458 2004242544 7045546 1063473 Y APPLN. INFO.:	2004242544 A1 7045546 B2 1063473 A1	2004242544 A1 20041202 7045546 B2 20060516 1063473 A1 20061013	2004242544 A1 20041202 US 7045546 B2 20060516 1063473 A1 20061013 HK Y APPIN. INFO.: EP	2004242544 A1 20041202 US 2004-484689 7045546 B2 20060516 1063473 A1 20061013 HK 2004-106221	2004242544 A1 20041202 US 2004-484689 7045546 B2 20060516 1063473 A1 20061013 HK 2004-106221 Y APPLN. INFO.: EP 2001-961047 A

ED Entered STN: 07 Feb 2003

AR Novel derivs. of ascorbic acid and compns. comprising them are provided. Claimed are the ascorbic acid derivs. I, where Rl is a C2-22 saturated or unsatd. fatty acid residues, amino acid residues, or a C1-17 alkyl; R2 is P:(O)(OR5)(OR6), wherein R5 and R6 are the same or different and represent H, a C1-4 alkyl, or R5 is C1-4 alkyl and R6 is a metal cation or ammonium cation; R3 and R4 are the same or different and represent H, C2-22 saturated or unsatd. fatty acid residues, amino acid residues, or a C1-17alkyl. The compds. are formulated for topical or oral administration for treating or controlling diseases or conditions associated with witamin C deficiency. 2-Capryloyl-3-ethylphosphoryl ascorbic acid was prepared and its collagen synthesis stimulating effects in primary human foreskin fibroblasts were in vitro tested.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

> FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L63 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:380375 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:371800 TITLE:

A method of microencapsulation of active substances

INVENTOR(S): Babtsov, Vladimir; Shapiro,

Yury; Kvitnitsky, Emma

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tagra Biotechnologies Ltd., Israel

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT 1	10.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.		DAT	Ε
					-										
WO 2001	0359	33		A2		2001	0525		WO 2	000-	IL75	9			
														200	
														111	6
WO 2001	359	33		A3		2001	1018								
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	
	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	
	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	
	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	
	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	zw		
RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	
	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	
	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	
	NE,	SN,	TD.	TG											

			10/333	,,,,,,			
GB	2356386	A	20010523	GB	1999-27202		1999
CA	2389688	A1	20010525	CA	2000-2389688		1117
nn.	2000015612		20020716	DD	2000-15612		2000 1116
DK.	2000013612	A	20020716	ы	2000-15612		2000 1116
EP	1231904	A2	20020821	EP	2000-974775		2000
							1116
JP	R: AT, BE, CH MC, PT, IE 2003514008	, SI, LI	, LV, FI, 1	RO, MI	R, IT, LI, LU, K, CY, AL, TR 2001-537926	NL, S	
							2000
AU	774354	B2	20040624	AU	2001-12986		1116
							2000 1116
US	6932984	B1	20050823	US	2002-130529		1110
							2000
	2002003697		000000000		2002-3697		1116
ZA	2002003697	A	20030509	ZA	2002-3697		2002
							0509
IN	2002DN00488	A	20040228	IN	2002-DN488		
							2002 0510
MX	2002PA04919	A	20031014	MX	2002-PA4919		0510
	20021101727	**	20001011		2002 1111717		2002
							0516
US	2006051425	A1	20060309	US	2005-208007		0005
							2005 0822
IN	2005DN04580	A	20070824	IN	2005-DN4580		0022
							2005
						_	1010
PRIORIT	Y APPLN. INFO.:			GB	1999-27202	A	1999
							1117
				US	2002-130529	A2	
							2000 1116
							1110
				WO	2000-IL759	W	
							2000
							1116
				IN	2002-DN488	A3	
							2002
							0510

ED Entered STN: 27 May 2001 AB A method for microencaps

A method for microencapsulation of pharmacol. active substances is provided. The substances) is/are dissolved or dispersed in an organic solvent of the kind that is partially miscible with water media. This organic solution is then mixed with an aqueous solution, which is saturated with an organic solvent and an emulsifier to form an emulsion. The emulsion is then poured into water under continuous agitation for the extraction of residual solvent. The formation of the solid capsules takes place during this extraction process. The capsules are subjected to further purification, whereby the microcapsules can be separated from the water and dried. By conditions of incubation of microcapsules in water-containing formulations the wall-softening process takes place. The unique system for controlled release of the ingredients from microcapsules is based on the above-mentioned process. An aqueous phase was prepared by dissolving 0.5 g sodium laury! sulfate in water saturated with EtOAc. An organic

phase was prepared by dissolving 0.25 g vitamin F in a mixture of natural triglycerides, an antioxidant, and PMMA. The resulting microcapsules were filtered, washed with water and dried at $\lesssim 20^\circ$.

L63 ANSWER 6 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation

on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:552528 BIOSIS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200600565427

TITLE:

Stabilized derivatives of ascorbic

acid-3-phosphate.

AUTHOR(S): Anonymous; Babtsov, Vladimir [Inventor]; Shapiro, Yury [Inventor]; Kvitnitsky,

Emma [Inventor]; Belakhov, Valery

[Inventor]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Kiryat Shmona, Israel

ASSIGNEE: Tagra Biotechnologies Ltd

PATENT INFORMATION: US 07045546 20060516

SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and

Trademark Office Patents, (MAY 16 2006)

CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 27 Oct 2006

Last Updated on STN: 27 Oct 2006

ED Entered STN: 27 Oct 2006

Last Updated on STN: 27 Oct 2006

AB | Hovel derivatives of ascorbic acid and compositions comprising them are provided. The novel derivatives are of the following general formula (I): where R1 is a C2-C22 saturated or unsaturated fatty acid residues, amino acid residues, or a C1-C17 alkyl; R2 is a group of the following formula (II) wherein R5 or R6 are the same or different and represent hydrogen, a C1-C4 alkyl, or R5 is C1-C4 alkyl group and R6 is a metal cation or ammonium cation; R3 or R4 are the same or different and represent hydrogen, C2-C22 saturated or unsaturated fatty acid residues, amino acid residues, or a C1-C17 alkyl.

STRUCTURE SEARCH

=> d his 131

(FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:11:01 ON 04 JAN 2008) 8 S L22 OR L29 OR L30

=> d que stat 131

L8

VAR G1=AK/N VAR G2=OH/15/17 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 8 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 17

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L14 275 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L8

L15 4 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 AND 1/M L16 STR

G1 1

VAR G1=3/M VAR G2=H/AK NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 6

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L18 25 SEA FILE-REGISTRY SUB-L14 SSS FUL L16

L19 5 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 AND 2/NC

L20 6 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L19

L21 4 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L15 L22 6 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L20 OR L21

1 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON (QUATENARY+PFT,OLD,NT/

CT OR "QUATENARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS"+PFT, OLD, NT/CT OR "QUATENARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, USES AND MISCELLANEOUS"+ PFT, OLD, NT/CT)

L24 41057 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "OUATERNARY AMINES"+PF T, OLD, NT/CT

10/553.757 L25 69540 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON (QUATENARY OR OUATERNARY) (A) (AMINE OR AMMONIUM) L26 199071 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "OUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS"+PFT, OLD, NT/CT L27 199071 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 OR L26 232 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L14 L28 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 AND (L23 OR L27) L29 1.30 1 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L28 AND L25 8 SEA FILE-HCAPLUS ABB-ON PLU-ON L22 OR L29 OR L30 T.31 => d his 154 (FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, DRUGU, EMBASE' ENTERED AT 09:42:36 ON 04 1 S L53 AND (L25 OR CATION? OR ION OR IONIC) => d que stat 154 L8 015 Ak 017 18 VAR G1=AK/N VAR G2=OH/15/17 NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 8 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 17 STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE 275 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L8 L14 L25 69540 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (QUATENARY OR OUATERNARY) (A) (AMINE OR AMMONIUM) L51 3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 AND (MEDLINE/LC OR BIOSIS/LC OR DRUGU/LC OR EMBASE/LC) L53 100 SEA L51 L54 1 SEA L53 AND (L25 OR CATION? OR ION OR IONIC) => dup rem 131 154

=> dup rem 131 154
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L31
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L54
L64 9 DUP REM L31 L54 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
ANSWERS '1-8' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
ANSWERS '9' FROM FILE BIOSIS

STRUCTURE SEARCH HISTORY

=> d 164 1-8 ibib ed abs hitstr hitind

L64 ANSWER 1 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:933538 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:285286

TITLE: Polymer compositions containing ascorbates for

wound healing, and their products
INVENTOR(S): Yanagi, Kotaro; Ito, Shinobu; Komura, Makoto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): I.T.O. K. K., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

P

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	JP 2007209748	A	20070823	JP 2007-6011	2007
	JP 2007216041	A	20070830	JP 2007-100558	0115 2007
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2006-34427 A	0406
					2006 0116
				JP 2007-6011 A	3 2007
					0115

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 147:285286 ED Entered STN: 23 Aug 2007

AB Title compns. for wound healing of biol. tissues contain ascorbates I (R.1-R4 = OH, phosphate, pyrophosphate, triphosphate, polyphosphate, O-qlucosyl, sulfate, acyloxy, alkyloxy, hydroxylkykoy; RR2 and R3R4 may foresteal or ketal; in blodgradable, alkyloxy, and a supersonal contain methodogradable polymers and/or wound healing promoters, antiinflammatory agents, antiinfective agents, and/or radical scavengers. Fibers, fabrics, nonvoven fabrics, films, moldings, gauze, plasters, bandages, bone reinforcements, implants, medical adhesives, adhesive films, cell culture containers, porous structures, hollow-fiber structures containing the polymer compns. are also claimed. Poly(glycolic acid) sutures (Dexon; 1.0 g) were immersed in an aqueous solution containing L-ascorbic acid 2-phosphate Mg salt and dried to give sutures (weight increase 4.9 mg). The tensile strength of wounds in guinea pigs 1 wk after sewing with the sutures was 321 a/cm.

IT 4218-81-9, L-Ascorbic acid 2,6-dipalmitate 4341-39-3 946491-95-8D, tocopherol derivs.

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(ascorbate-containing polymer compns. and their products for wound

healing)

RN 4218-81-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Ascorbic acid, 2,6-dihexadecanoate (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 4341-39-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Ascorbic acid, 2,6-dioctadecanoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 946491-95-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Ascorbic Acid, 2-[hydrogen (2Z)-2-butenedioate] (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides; ascorbate-containing polymer compns. and their products for wound healing) IT 137-66-6, L-Ascorbic acid 6-palmitate 1306-01-0, Tetracalcium

phosphate 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapattie 4218-81-9, L-Ascorbic acid 2,6-dipalmithe 4341-39-3 7757-93-9, Dicalcium phosphate 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 23313-12-4, L-Ascorbic acid 2-phosphate 23313-12-40, L-Ascorbic acid 2-phosphate, tocopherol derivs. 62031-54-3, FGF 68797-35-3, Dipotassium glycyrrhizinate 84309-23-9, Ascorbic 2610-262, 2-phosphate magnesium salt 105256-49-3 109620-90-8, L-Ascorbic

acid 2-phosphate sodium salt, biological studies 129499-78-1, L-Ascorbic acid 2-glucoside 161436-56-2 215363-36-3 244158-43-3, L-Ascorbic acid 2-glucoside 6-stearat 287925-63-7

287925-68-2 287925-69-3, L-Ascorbic acid 2-glucoside 6-palmitate 459425-33-3 721404-04-2 760171-54-8 872589-81-6 937275-11-1 946491-93-6 946491-95-8D, tocopherol

derivs. 946496-86-2

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ascorbate-containing polymer compns. and their products for wound healing)

L64 ANSWER 2 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:927163 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:395760

TITLE: Preparation of stabilized derivatives of ascorbic acid as a source of vitamin C in pharmaceutical, nutrition, and cosmetic

compns.

INVENTOR(S): Kvitnitsky, Emma; Belakhov, Valery; Babtsov, Vladimir; Shapiro, Yury

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tagra Biotechnologies Ltd., Israel

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	CENT I	NO.			KIN		DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.		DATE
WO	2004	- 0943	69		A2		2004	1104		WO 2	004-	IL34	3		2004 0421
WO	2004	0943	69		A3		2005	0203							
		ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,						
							GH,								
							LC,								
							MZ,								
		PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,
		TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW		
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,
							MD,								
							FI,								
							SI,					CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,
							MR,								
AU	2004	2325	56		A1		2004	1104		AU 2	004-	2325	56		
															2004
	2523	0.40					0004	1101			004	0500	0.40		0421
CA	2523	042			AI		2004	1104		CA 2	004-	2523	042		2004
															0421
ED	1620	410			2.2		2006	0201		pp 2	004	7206	26		0421
LP	1020	413			M2		2006	0201		EF 2	004-	1200	23		2004
															0421
	R:	AТ	BE	CH.	DF.	DK.	ES.	FR.	GB.	GR.	TT.	LT.	LII.	MI.	SE,
															SK
BR	2004													,	
															2004
															0421
CN	1805	948			A		2006	0719		CN 2	004-	8001	6502		
															2004
															0421
JP	2006	5242	34		T		2006	1026		JP 2	006-	5076	14		
															2004
															0421
MX	2005	PA11	269		A		2006	0124		MX 2	005-	PA11	269		
															2005

1020

IN 2005DN04807	A	20070817	IN	2005-DN4807		
						2005
						1020
US 2007167517	A1	20070719	US	2007-553757		
						2007
						0103
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	2003-464097P	P	
						2003
						0421
			WO	2004-IL343	W	
						2004
						0421

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:395760 ED Entered STN: 04 Nov 2004 GI



AB Ascorbic acid derivs. I, wherein R1 is a C2-C22 acyl group, an amino acid group, or a C1-C17 alkyl group; R2 is ammonium or a metal cation; and each of R3 or R4, independently, is hydrogen, a C2-C22 acyl group, an amino acid residue, or a C1-C17 alkyl group, are more stable than ascorbic acid and can be used as a source of vitamin C in pharmaceutical, nutrition, and commetic compns. Thus, sodium salt of 2-palmitoyl-ascorbic acid was prepared Stimulation of collagen synthesis in primary human foreakin fibroblasts by ascorbic acid derivs. L-Ascorbic acid stimulates collagen synthesis in cultured human skin fibroblants. Ascorbate contributes to several metabolic processes including efficient hydroxylation of hydroxypoline in collagen synthesis. The ascorbic acid derivs. are expected to show an effectiveness comparable to that of L-ascorbic acid or better, on collagen synthesis. The cosmetic composition of title compds. for use as moisturizing cream, antiaging cream, anti-wrinkle cream, sunscreen cream, skin whitening and for stimulating collagen synthesis.

T 657394-76-8P 785814-44-0P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation), OSES (OSES) (preparation of stabilized derivs. of ascorbic acid as source of vitamin c in pharmaceutical nutrition and cosmetic compns)

RN 657394-76-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Ascorbic acid, 2-hexadecanoate, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

785814-44-0 HCAPLUS

L-Ascorbic acid, 2-octanoate, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IC ICM C07D

33-8 (Carbohydrates)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 17, 62, 63

657394-76-8P 785814-44-0P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); COS (Cosmetic use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of stabilized derivs. of ascorbic acid as source of vitamin c in pharmaceutical nutrition and cosmetic compns)

L64 ANSWER 3 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:931444 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:366426

TITLE: Preparation of O-ethylascorbic acid in water

INVENTOR(S): Suetsugu, Masaru; Hiruma, Takuya PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

PATENT INFORMATION:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004307383	A	20041104	JP 2003-102170	
				2003
				0404
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-102170	
				2003
				0404

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ED
    Entered STN: 06 Nov 2004
     O-ethylascorbic acid (I) is prepared by ethylation of ascorbic acid (II) with
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(EtO)2SO2. Thus, L-II was ethylated with (EtO)2SO2 in H2O at 60° and pH 10.5 for 2 h to give 33% L-I.

1112-67-0, Tetrabutylammonium chloride RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(preparation of O-ethylascorbic acid with (EtO)2SO2 in water)

RN 1112-67-0 HCAPLUS 1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, chloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

€ C1 =

112894-37-89

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of O-ethylascorbic acid with (EtO)2SO2 in water)

112894-37-8 HCAPLUS RN

L-Ascorbic acid, 2-O-ethyl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

ICM C07D307-62

33-8 (Carbohydrates)

1112-67-0, Tetrabutylammonium chloride RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(preparation of O-ethylascorbic acid with (EtO)2SO2 in water) 112894-37-8P 112894-37-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of O-ethylascorbic acid with (EtO)2SO2 in water)

L64 ANSWER 4 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

2004:139072 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:187016

TITLE: Discoloration-resistant dentifrices containing hydroxy-2-pyridones and water-soluble

antioxidants

INVENTOR(S): Hiratsuka, Susumu; Yamamoto, Mizuya; Yamada,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lion Corp., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004051535	A	20040219	JP 2002-210660	
				2002
				0719
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-210660	
				2002
				0719

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:187016

ED Entered STN: 20 Feb 2004

AB Dentifrices contain hydroxy-2-pyridones or their salts, which inhibit plaque formation, and water-soluble antioxidants (except ascorbic acid and its salts). The water-soluble antioxidants may be ascorbic acid derivs. or their salts. A toothpaste containing 0.5 weight% has ascorbyl phosphate (I) and 0.2 weight% piroctone olamine showed less discoloration than a control not containing I, after 1-mo storage at 40°.

IT 657394-76-8

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(plaque-preventing, discoloration-resistant dentifrices containing hydroxypyridones and water-soluble antioxidants)

RN 657394-76-8 HCAPLUS

L-Ascorbic acid, 2-hexadecanoate, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IC ICM A61K007-16

CC 62-7 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT 53910-28-4, Disodium ascorbyl sulfate 84309-23-9, Ascorbic acid 2-phosphate magnesium salt 109620-90-8, L-Ascorbic acid 2-phosphate sodium salt 128808-26-4, Sodium ascorbyl phosphate 657394-76-8

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(plaque-preventing, discoloration-resistant dentifrices containing hydroxypyridones and water-soluble antioxidants)

L64 ANSWER 5 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:173594 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 2003:1/3594 HCAPLOS FUII-CEXT

TITLE: Preparation of novel ascorbic acid lysine and

proline derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Rath, Matthias; Niedzwiecki, Aleksandra; Ivanov, Vadim; Netke, Shrirang; Roomi, M.

Waheed
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Neth.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2 PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT				KIN		DATE				LICAT				D.	ATE
	2003	_	68		A2		2003	0306		WO	2002-	EP94	51			002 823
WO		AE, CH, GB, KP, MN, SK, GH, AZ, DE,	AG, CN, GD, KR, MW, SL, GM, BY, DK,	CO, GE, KZ, MX, TJ, KE, KG,	CR, GH, LC, MZ, TM, LS, KZ, ES,	AT, CU, GM, LK, NO, TR, MW, MD,	CZ, HR, LR, NZ, TT, MZ, RU, FR,	AZ, DE, HU, LS, PL, TZ, SD, TJ, GB,	BA, DK, ID, LT, PT, UA, SL, TM, GR,	DM IL LU RO UG SZ AT IE	, BG, , DZ, , IN, , LV, , RU, , US, , TZ, , BE, , IT,	EC, IS, MA, SD, UZ, UG, BG, LU,	EE, JP, MD, SE, VN, ZM, CH, MC,	ES, KE, MG, SG, YU, ZW, CY, NL,	CA, FI, KG, MK, SI, ZA, AM, CZ, PT,	ZW
CA	2458		NE,	SN,	TD, Al			0306		CA	2002-	2458	344			002
AU	2002	3370	11		Al		2003	0310		AU	2002-	3370	11			823 002
US	2003	1197	53		A1		2003	0626		US	2002-	2265	88			823 002
	6864 1423				B2 A2		2005 2004			EP	2002-	7721	97		0	823
	R:	MC,	PT,								, IT,				SE,	
ZA	2003		SK 12		A		2004	0712		ZA	2003-	4712				002
CN	1518	545			A		2004	0804		CN	2002-	8030	18			823 002
BR	2002	0059	44		A		2004	1228		BR	2002-	5944				823 002
JP	2005	5018	67		T		2005	0120		JP	2003-	5232	31		0	823
CN	1763	027			A		2006	0426		CN	2005-	1011	3687		0	823
CN	1763	028			A		2006	0426		CN	2005-	1011	3688		0	002 823
NZ	5314	30			A		2006	0526		NZ	2002-	5314	30			002 823
HU	2006	0000	84		A2		2006	0628		HU	2006-	84				002 823
MZ	5422	40			A		2006	naza		N17	2002-	5422	40			002 823
																002 823
NZ	5422	41			A		2006	0929		ΝZ	2002-	5422	41		2	002

0823

RI	2309152	C2	20071027	RU	2004-108687		0823
							2002
							0823
NC	2003001844	A	20030612	NO	2003-1844		
							2003 0424
115	2004167077	A1	20040826	IIS	2004-781296		0424
	200 200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	***	2		2401 .04244		2004
							0218
	7230124	B2	20070612				
MX	2004PA01655	A	20040531	MX	2004-PA1655		2004
							0223
IN	1 2004CN00379	A	20051223	IN	2004-CN379		0223
							2004
							0224
PRIORIT	Y APPLN. INFO.:			US	2001-314857P	P	2001
							0824
							0024
				CN	2002-803018	А3	
							2002
							0823
				1.17	2002-531430	A1	
					2002 332430		2002
							0823
				US	2002-226588	A1	2002
							0823
							0023
				WO	2002-EP9451	W	
							2002
							0823

ED Entered STN: 07 Mar 2003

AB L-Ascorbic acid esters with lysine or proline or their derivs, were prepared for use in pharmaceutical compns. Thus, treating 8 mmol L-ascorbic acid with 10 mmol L-lysine in 20 mL sulfuric acid overnight at room temperature afforded L-ascorby1-6-lysine. IT 500903-97-99

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of novel ascorbic acid lysinate or prolinate derivs.)

RN 500903-97-9 HCAPLUS
CN L-Lysine, homopolymer, 6-ester with 2-0-[(2S)-2,6-diamino-1-

oxohexy1]-L-ascorbic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 500893-69-6 CMF C12 H20 N2 O7

Absolute stereochemistry.

```
CM 2
    CRN 25104-18-1
    CMF (C6 H14 N2 O2)x
    CCT PMS
         CM
              3
         CRN 56-87-1
         CMF C6 H14 N2 O2
Absolute stereochemistry.
   ICM C07D307-32
    ICS A61K031-34
    34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)
    Section cross-reference(s): 1, 33, 63
    25213-33-6DP, Poly[(2S)-1,2-pyrrolidinediylcarbonyl], reaction
    products with 6-deoxybromo ascorbate or 6-deoxyamino ascorbate
    38000-06-5DP, reaction products with 6-deoxybromo ascorbate or
    6-deoxyamino ascorbate 62983-44-2DP, reaction products with
    polylysine or polyproline 85366-70-7DP, reaction products with
    polylysine or polyproline 498576-94-6P 498576-96-8P
    500893-69-6P 500893-70-9P 500893-71-0P 500893-72-1P
    500893-73-2P 500893-74-3P 500893-75-4P 500893-76-5P
    500893-77-6DP, reaction products with polylysine 500893-78-7DP,
    reaction products with polyproline 500893-79-8P 500893-80-1P
    500893-81-2P 500893-82-3P 500893-83-4P 500893-84-5P
    500893-85-6P
                 500893-86-7P
                                 500893-87-8P
                                               500893-88-9P
    500893-89-0P
                  500893-90-3P
                                 500893-91-4P
                                                500893-92-5P
    500893-93-6P
                  500893-94-7P
                                 500893-95-8P
                                                500893-96-9P
    500893-97-0P
                   500893-98-1P
                                 500893-99-2P
                                                500894-00-8P
    500894-02-0P
                   500894-03-1P
                                500894-04-2P
                                                500894-05-3P
                 500903-96-8P 500903-97-9P 500903-98-0P
    500894-06-4P
                 500904-02-9P 500904-05-2P 500904-06-3P
    500903-99-1P
    500904-07-4P 500904-08-5P 500904-09-6P 500904-10-9P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
    (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
       (preparation of novel ascorbic acid lysinate or prolinate derivs.)
L64 ANSWER 6 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2003:173419 HCAPLUS Full-text
                        138:221848
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                        Preparation of novel ascorbic acid lysine and
                        proline derivatives
                        Roomi, Waheed; Netke, Shrirang; Ivanov, Vadim;
INVENTOR(S):
                        Niedzwiecki, Aleksandra
                        Rath, Matthias, USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:
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IC

PATENT NO.

Page 21

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

KIND DATE

						-										
	2003		nn		2.1		2003	กรกล		WO 2	002-	ne27	060			
""	2003	0100	00				2003	0300		110 2	002	002				2002 0823
	W:	CH, GB, KP, MN, SG,	CN, GD, KR, MW, SI,	CO, GE, KZ, MX, SK,	CR, GH, LC, MZ,	CU, GM, LK, NO, TJ,	AU, CZ, HR, LR, NZ, TM,	DE, HU, LS, OM,	DK, ID, LT, PH,	DM, IL, LU, PL,	DZ, IN, LV, PT,	EC, IS, MA, RO,	EE, JP, MD, RU,	ES, KE, MG, SD,	CA FI KG MK SE	, , ,
211	RW:	BE, IT, GA,	BG, LU, GN,	CH, MC,	CY, NL, GW,	CZ, PT, ML,	MZ, DE, SE, MR, 2003	DK, SK, NE,	EE, TR, SN,	ES, BF, TD,	FI, BJ, TG	FR, CF,	GB, CG,	GR,	ΙE	,
AU	2002	3433	24		AI		2003	0310		AU 2	002=	3433	24			2002
US	2003	1197	53		A1		2003	0626		US 2	002-	2265	88			2002
	6864				В2		2005 2004	0308								0823
ZA	2003	0047	12		A		2004	0712		ZA 2	003-	4712				2002 0823
CN	1518	545			A		2004	0804		CN 2	002-	8030	18			2002 0823
CN	1763	027			A		2006	0426		CN 2	005-	1011	3687			2002 0823
CN	1763	028			A		2006	0426		CN 2	005-	1011	3688			2002
NZ	5422	40			A		2006	0929		NZ 2	002-	5422	40			2002
NZ	5422	41			A		2006	0929		NZ 2	002-	5422	41			0823 2002 0823
US	2004	1670	77		A1		2004	0826		US 2	004-	7812	96			2004
US PRIORIT	7230 (APP:		INFO	.:	B2		2007	0612		US 2	001-	3148	57P	:	P	2001 0824
										CN 2	002-	8030	18			2002 0823
										NZ 2	002-	5314	30			2002 0823
										US 2	002-	2265	88			2002 0823
										WO 2	002-	US27	060	,		2002 0823

ED Entered STN: 07 Mar 2003

AB L-Ascorbic acid esters with lysine or lysine moieties or proline or proline moieties were prepared for use in compns, used to prevent the degradation of extracellular matrix, stabilize connective tissue, as antioxidants, and for treating damage to skin. Thus, treating 8 mmol L-ascorbic acid with 10 mmol L-lysine in 20 mL sulfuric acid overnight at room temperature afforded L-ascorbyl-6-lysine.

500903-97-99

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of novel ascorbic acid lysinate or prolinate derivs.)

500903-97-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN L-Lysine, homopolymer, 6-ester with 2-0-[(2S)-2,6-diamino-1oxohexyl]-L-ascorbic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 500893-69-6 CMF C12 H20 N2 O7

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 25104-18-1 CMF (C6 H14 N2 O2)x

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 56-87-1 CMF C6 H14 N2 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

TC. ICM A61K031-34

ICS C07D305-12 34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)

Section cross-reference(s): 33, 62

25213-33-6DP, Poly[(2S)-1,2-pyrrolidinediylcarbony1], reaction products with 6-deoxybromo ascorbate or 6-deoxyamino ascorbate 38000-06-5DP, reaction products with 6-deoxybromo ascorbate or 6-deoxyamino ascorbate 62983-44-2DP, reaction products with polylysine or polyproline 85366-70-7DP, reaction products with polylysine or polyproline 498576-94-6P 498576-96-8P 500893-69-6P 500893-70-9P 500893-71-0P 500893-72-1P 500893-73-2P 500893-74-3P 500893-75-4P 500893-76-5P

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500893-77-6DP, reaction products with polylysine 500893-78-7DP,
                                 500893-79-8P
reaction products with polyproline
                                               500893-80-1P
500893-81-2P 500893-82-3P
                           500893-83-4P 500893-84-5P
                                         500893-88-9P
             500893-86-7P
                           500893-87-8P
500893-85-6P
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500893-89-0P
500893-93-6P 500893-94-7P 500893-95-8P 500893-96-9P
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500894-02-0P 500894-03-1P 500894-04-2P 500894-05-3P
500894-06-4P 500903-96-8P 500903-97-9P 500903-98-0P
500903-99-1P 500904-02-9P 500904-05-2P 500904-06-3P
500904-07-4P 500904-08-5P 500904-09-6P 500904-10-9P
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
(Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
```

(preparation of novel ascorbic acid lysinate or prolinate derivs.) REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L64 ANSWER 7 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN 1995:813670 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:222623

TITLE: Antiviral effect of lithium-ascorbate

derivatives AUTHOR(S):

Kang, Kil-Jin; Murata, Akira CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. of Food Science and Technology, Chonnam

National University, Kwangju, 500-757, S.

Korea

SOURCE: Han'quk Yongyang Siklyong Hakhoechi (1995),

24(3), 466-9

CODEN: HYSHDL; ISSN: 0253-3154 PUBLISHER: Korean Society of Food and Nutrition

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English Entered STN: 27 Sep 1995

The effect of lithium-ascorbate derivs. on viruses was investigated using a wide AR variety of bacterial viruses (phage). Lithium-ascorbate derivs. exerted an inactivating effect on all phages examined Lithium-ascorbate derivs, have antiviral effects. The antiviral effect of lithium 2-o-octadecyl ascorbate was stronger than that of lithium ascorbate. Even at 10-20 times lower concentration, lithium 2-o-octadecyl ascorbate showed phage-inactivating activity very similar to that of ascorbate and lithium

ascorbate. TT 168325-63-1

> RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(antiviral effect of lithium-ascorbate derivs.)

168325-63-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Ascorbic acid, 2-0-octadecvl-, monolithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

10-5 (Microbial, Algal, and Fungal Biochemistry)

IT 80781-74-4, Lithium-ascorbate 168325-63-1 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(antiviral effect of lithium-ascorbate derivs.)

L64 ANSWER 8 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:558105 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:158105
TITLE: Preparation of lithium salt of

2-0-alkylascorbic acid
INVENTOR(S): Shimizu, Tadakazu; Kaneko, Tatsuhiko

INVENTOR(S): Shimizu, Tadakazu; Kaneko, Tatsuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

	FENT					DATE			API	PLIC	ATI	ON	NO.			DATE
	9407				A1	1994	0414		WO	199	3-3	JP14	09			1993 1001
			BE,			NO, ES,		GB,	, GI	R, I	E,	IT,	LU,	MC,	N	
	1093					1994										1993 0930
	9348															1993 1001
EP	6193	13			A1	1994	1012		EP	199	4-9	9117	73			1993 1001
		PT,	SE			ES,								LU,	N	L,
	9402					1994										1994 0531
	9402				A	1994										1994 0602
RITY	Z APP	LN.	INFO	.:					JP	199	2-2	2646	96		A	1992 1002
									WO	199	3-3	JP14	09		W	1993 1001

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:158105

ED Entered STN: 01 Oct 1994

B A lithium salt of a 2-0-C14-18 alkylasorbic acid, useful for preventing or treating circulatory function disorder, is prepared Thus, 0.37 g Li2CO3 was added portomise to a stirred suspension of 4.28 g 2-0-octadecylasorbic acid (I) in 150 mL H2O followed by adding 50 mL BtOH to form a homogeneous clear solution which was filtered, evaporated, and lyophilized to give a powder. This powder was washed with acetone and dried in a desiccator under reduced pressure to give 4.0 g 1.Li. I.Li at 300 μM in vitro inhibited 75% lipid peroxidase in rat liver microsome preparation and 59% phospholipid hydrolase derived from a pig spleen and at 80μM inhibited 93.6% GST-cdc25Hu2 (protein dephosphorylase), which indicated free radical-quenching and anticancer activity, resp. It also in vivo inhibited cardiac infarction in heart ischemia-induced rats. Tablets containing 3 or 500 mg I.Li per tablet were formulated.

IT 157425-35-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as free radical inhibitor, anticancer agent, and cardiovascular agent)

157425-35-9 HCAPLUS

L-Ascorbic acid, 2-O-octadecyl-, lithium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

TC. TCM C07D307-62

ICS A61K031-375

33-8 (Carbohydrates)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 63

157425-35-99

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as free radical inhibitor, anticancer agent, and cardiovascular agent)

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L64 ANSWER 9 OF 9 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation

on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:68991 BIOSIS <u>Full-text</u>

PREV200100068991 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Effect of antioxidants on radical intensity and TITLE:

cytotoxicity of hydroguinone.

AUTHOR(S): Terasaka, Hiroshi; Takayama, Fumitoshi; Satoh,

Kazue; Fujisawa, Seiichiro; Sakagami, Hiroshi

[Reprint author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Dental Pharmacology, Meikai

University School of Dentistry, Sakado, Saitama, 350-0283, Japan

sakaqami@dent.meikai.ac.jp

SOURCE: Anticancer Research, (September-October, 2000) Vol.

20, No. 5B, pp. 3357-3362. print. CODEN: ANTRD4. ISSN: 0250-7005.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 31 Jan 2001

Last Updated on STN: 15 Feb 2002

Entered STN: 31 Jan 2001

Last Updated on STN: 15 Feb 2002

AB Hydroquinone (HQ) dose-dependently reduced the viable cell number of oral tumor cell lines (HSC-2, HSG). HQ induced internucleosomal DNA fragmentation in human promyelocytic leukemic HL-60 cells, but not in HSC-2 nor HSG cells. Cytotoxic activity of HQ was slightly reduced by catalase, but was enhanced by superoxide dismutase, suggesting the possible involvement of hydrogen peroxide in HO-induced cytotoxicity. This was supported by slight increase or decrease of cytotoxicity of HQ in the presence of Cu2+ and Fe3+, respectively. Lower concentrations of sodium ascorbate, ascorbic acid and ascorbic acid 6-palmitate reduced both the radical intensity and cytotoxic activity of HQ, more efficiently than ascorbic acid 2,6-dipalmitate, in contrast to the cytotoxic action of these ascorbates at higher (millimolar) concentrations. Popular antioxidants such as N-actyl-L-cysteine and cysteine also reduced the radical intensity

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and cytotoxic activity of HQ. The present study suggests that cytotoxic activity of HQ
     is generated by radical-mediated oxidation mechanism.
    Major Concepts
       Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Cell Biology; Tumor
        Biology
    Chemicals & Biochemicals
       DNA: fragmentation; N-acetyl-L-cysteine: antioxidant; ascorbic
       acid: antioxidant; ascorbic acid 2,6-dipalmitate: antioxidant;
       ascorbic acid 6-palmitate: antioxidant; catalase; copper
       ion: cysteine: antioxidant: hydrogen peroxide:
       hydroquinone: cytotoxicity, radical intensity; iron ion
        ; sodium ascorbate: antioxidant; superoxide dismutase
RN
    616-91-1 (N-acetvl-L-cysteine)
     50-81-70 (ascorbic acid)
     62624-30-0Q (ascorbic acid)
       4218-81-9 (ascorbic acid 2.6-dipalmitate)
     137-66-6 (ascorbic acid 6-palmitate)
     9001-05-2 (catalase)
     52-90-40 (cvsteine)
     3374-22-9Q (cysteine)
     7722-84-1 (hydrogen peroxide)
     123-31-9 (hydroquinone)
     134-03-2 (sodium ascorbate)
    9054-89-1 (superoxide dismutase)
    Biochemistry studies - Proteins, peptides and amino acids 10064
     Cytology - General
                         02502
    Cytology - Human
                      02508
     Biochemistry studies - General
                                     10060
     Biochemistry studies - Nucleic acids, purines and pyrimidines
     Biochemistry studies - Vitamins
     Biochemistry studies - Minerals
                                      10069
     Enzymes - General and comparative studies: coenzymes 10802
    Neoplasms - Pathology, clinical aspects and systemic effects
    24004
тт
    Major Concepts
       Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Cell Biology; Tumor
       Biology
    Chemicals & Biochemicals
       DNA: fragmentation; N-acetyl-L-cysteine: antioxidant; ascorbic
       acid: antioxidant; ascorbic acid 2,6-dipalmitate: antioxidant;
       ascorbic acid 6-palmitate; antioxidant; catalase; copper
        ion; cysteine: antioxidant; hydrogen peroxide;
       hydroquinone: cytotoxicity, radical intensity; iron ion
       ; sodium ascorbate: antioxidant; superoxide dismutase
ORGN Classifier
       Hominidae
     Super Taxa
       Primates; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia
     Organism Name
       HL-60 cell line; human promyelocytic leukemia cells
       HSC-2 cell line: human oral squamous cell carcinoma cells
       HSG cell line: human salivary gland tumor cells
     Taxa Notes
       Animals, Chordates, Humans, Mammals, Primates, Vertebrates
RN
    616-91-1 (N-acetyl-L-cysteine)
     50-81-70 (ascorbic acid)
     62624-30-0Q (ascorbic acid)
       4218-81-9 (ascorbic acid 2,6-dipalmitate)
     137-66-6 (ascorbic acid 6-palmitate)
     9001-05-2 (catalase)
     52-90-40 (cysteine)
     3374-22-90 (cysteine)
     7722-84-1 (hydrogen peroxide)
     123-31-9 (hydroquinone)
     134-03-2 (sodium ascorbate)
```

9054-89-1 (superoxide dismutase)

FULL SEARCH HISTORY

-> d his nofile

L2

L8

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:40:04 ON 04 JAN 2008)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:40:14 ON 04 JAN 2008 E US20070167517/PN

1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US20070167517/PN

D ALL SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:41:35 ON 04 JAN 2008

10 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (111-64-8/BI OR 112-67-4/BI OR 15042-01-0/BI OR 34371-16-9/BI OR 494748-99-1/BI OR 50-81-7/BI OR 657394-76-8/BI OR 785814-43-9/BI OR 785814-44-0/BI OR 785814-45-1/BI)

D SCAN

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:42:37 ON 04 JAN 2008

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:43:11 ON 04 JAN 2008

L3 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND 1/NR

D SCAN D SCAN L2

D 1-3 L4 STR 50-81-7

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:52:46 ON 04 JAN 2008

L5 0 SEA SSS SAM L4

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:53:03 ON 04 JAN 2008 L6 STR L4

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:53:36 ON 04 JAN 2008 L7 31 SEA SSS SAM L6

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:54:38 ON 04 JAN 2008
D OUE STAT L7

STR L6

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:55:45 ON 04 JAN 2008 L9 11 SEA SSS SAM L8 D SCAN

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:56:40 ON 04 JAN 2008 D QUE STAT

L10 STR L8

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:00:10 ON 04 JAN 2008 L11 0 SEA SSS SAM L10

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:00:36 ON 04 JAN 2008

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:01:23 ON 04 JAN 2008

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:01:29 ON 04 JAN 2008

L13 0 SEA SSS SAM L12 D QUE STAT L9

L14 275 SEA SSS FUL L8 SAV TEMP L14 CHA757REG/A

L15 4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 AND 1/M D SCAN

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L18
            25 SEA SUB=L14 SSS FUL L16
               SAV L18 CHA757REGA/A
               D SCAN
               D SCAN L15
L19
              5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 AND 2/NC
                D SCAN
                SAV L19 CHA757REGB/A
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               D SCAN
              4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L15
L22
             6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 OR L21
                E AMMONIUM/CT
               E E3+ALL
               E OUATERNA/CT
                E QUATENARY/CT
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (QUATENARY+PFT,OLD,NT/CT OR
                "QUATENARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS"+PFT, OLD, NT/CT OR
                "QUATENARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, USES AND MISCELLANEOUS"+
               PFT, OLD, NT/CT)
               D SCAN
               E QUATERNARY/CT
                E QUATERNARY AM/CT
L24
         41057 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "OUATERNARY AMINES"+PFT, OLD, NT/CT
                E OUATERNARY AMMONIUM/CT
L25
         69540 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (QUATENARY OR QUATERNARY) (A) (AMINE
                OR AMMONIUM)
                E QUATERNARY AMMONIUM/CT
L26
        199071 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON "OUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS"+PFT
                ,OLD,NT/CT
L27
        199071 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 OR L26
L28
            232 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L14
L29
              2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 AND (L23 OR L27)
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1.30
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               D SCAN
              8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 OR L29 OR L30
                SAV L31 CHA757HCP/A
                DEL SEL
                D L1 AU
                SEL L1 AU
             37 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BABTSOV, VLADIMIR"/AU OR
                "BELAKHOV, VALERY"/AU OR "KVITNITSKY, EMMA"/AU OR
                "SHAPIRO, YURY"/AU)
               D L1 PA
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                E BABTSOV V/AU
                OUE ABB=ON PLU=ON BABTSOV V?/AU
               E BELAKHOV V/AU
L34
               QUE ABB-ON PLU-ON BELAKHOV V?/AU
                E KVITNITSKY E/AU
               OUE ABB=ON PLU=ON KVITNITSKY E?/AU
               E SHAPIRO V/AU
L36
                OUE ABB=ON PLU=ON SHAPIRO V?/AU
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON (L33 OR L34 OR L35 OR L36)
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L38
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L39
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D L1 AU
1.40
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L41
L42
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                SEL L1 PA
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L43
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1.44
              4 SEA ABB-ON PLU-ON (L32 OR L41) AND L43
              5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L42 OR L44
L45
                D SCAN L1
T.46
             37 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L45 OR L32
L47
                OUE ABB=ON PLU=ON ASCORB? OR VIT OR VITAM?
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L48
1.49
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L50
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L51
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                OR DRUGU/LC OR EMBASE/LC)
                D SCAN
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     JAN 2008
                D QUE STAT L18
1.52
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L53
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               T 1-3
L54
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                IONIC)
                D SCAN
             73 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L53 AND L47
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L57
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L58
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L59
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L60
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                L36)
1.61
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L62
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                SAV TEMP L54 CHA757MULT/A
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                D OUE L60
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                     ANSWER '6' FROM FILE BIOSIS
                D L63 1-6 IBIB ED AB
                D OUE STAT L31
                D OUE STAT L54
L64
              9 DUP REM L31 L54 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                     ANSWERS '1-8' FROM FILE HCAPLUS
                     ANSWER '9' FROM FILE BIOSIS
                D L64 1-8 IBIB ED ABS HITSTR HITIND
                D L64 9 IBIB ED AB HIT IND
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